



Boosting Innovation Policies with Clusters along the Danube 27-28 June 2013, Linz, Austria

Results of Workshop C "Transnational Programmes in the Context of the Danube Region"

Programming:

- 1. Simplify public procurement rules (not a tender for every catering, every...)
- 2. Allow travel outside the programme area, when there are workshops there that are related to the project, so if those are to the benefit for the region
- 3. Norwegian Fund Approach: first look at strengths/impact of project before look into the specifics of administration (such as: are all the relevant signatures there, all the blanks in the excel sheets filled in) => essentially this means a two- or more-stage application process, based first on a short concept note, then full proposal, then administration (which should be possibly assisted by management authority or other bodies
- 4. Preparatory phase of projects:
 - a. Structured consultation process including relevant stakeholders to define project content
 - b. Possibility of pre-financing
 - c. Preparatory phase for the partnership building
 - d. Allow systemic feedback of potential project partners before fixing project rules
- 5. Harmonization of programme rules (between CE Programme and Danube Programme, but potentially also other EU programmes – like rules for calculating personnel costs)

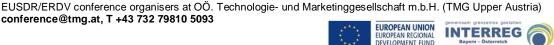
Content:

1. Partnership rules:

For further information please contact:

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- a. Rules for non-performing partners
- b. Training for project management skills to be included in the project as a capacity building measure



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- c. Mandatory support by a "management board" for projects that get in trouble with project management
- d. Especially lead partners need proven project management skills
- e. There should be deadlines fixed in the programmes for completion of work packages etc., especially if lead partners are weak (those deadlines should be reopened under certain circumstances)
- f. Well-selected stakeholders are important: therefore a longer preparation phase is needed and track-records should be checked
- 2. Cross-border innovation voucher
- 3. Support of mobility between SMEs and SMEs and R&D (Mobility of technicians to learn to use the most modern machines/devices
- 4. Use of new research devices (paid from structural funds) shared between researchers from different countries
- 5. Flexibility in terms of content (project develops over time), budget
- 6. Enable new types of networks, not only clusters
- 7. Strategic projects need for flexibility in the search for partners, one possibility to have constitutive workshops among potential partners before eventually choosing the partners
- 8. Synergies:
 - a. Avoid duplication between different Danube activities
 - b. Integrate European Region Danube-Vltava
- 9. Consortia size:
 - a. 5-7 partners maximum
 - b. Link several projects on one theme, then compare results, have exchanges
- 10. Follow-up of projects: projects often only produce results at the very end of the implementation phase (such as pilot projects): then no more time/money to disseminate project results

Reporting:

- 1. More achievement-based, less finance
- 2. Simplify administration rules









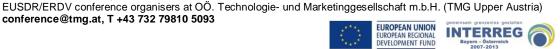
General Question:

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What kind of services can the National Coordinators offer? (Search for partners, etc.?!?) Please make this information more transparent.





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